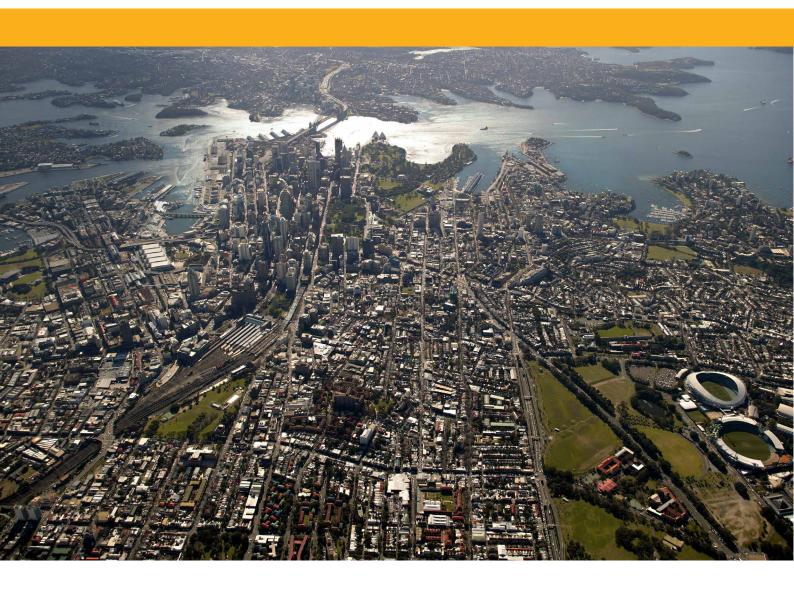
# Sydney Development Control Plan 2012

**Text** 





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#### Amendments to this DCP

The following amendments to this DCP have been made:

| Amendment<br>Name   | Date in force    | Date approved by council | Notes  |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 87 Bay Street,<br>Glebe   | 17 December 2013 | 29 July 2013             | Section 6.3.1  |
| Ashmore<br>Neighbourhood  | 24 December 2013 | 9 December 2013          | Section 5.5  |
| Green Square -<br>North Rosebery  | 14 February 2014 | 9 December 2013          | Section 5.7  |
| Alexandria Park<br>locality and<br>287-289 Crown<br>Street, Surry Hills | 11 April 2014    | 18 November 2013         | Reported to<br>Council as DCP<br>Amendment No.3<br>Sections 6.3 and<br>Section 2.5         |
| Amendment No.2  | 13 June 2014     | 12 May 2014              | New provisions updating existing provisions and adding site specific controls in Section 6 |
| AMP Circular<br>Quay Precinct   | 13 June 2014     | 9 December 2013          | Section 6.1.12   |
| 18 Huntley Street,<br>Alexandria  | 8 October 2014   | 15 September 2014        | Section 6.2.4  |
| Waterloo Park   | 28 November 2014 | 15 September 2014        | Section 2.5.11   |
| Epsom Park,<br>Zetland  | 19 December 2014 | 25 August 2014           | Section 2.5.5 &<br>Section 5.3   |
| Green Square -<br>Lachlan   | 10 April 2015    | 3 November 2014          | Section 5.4  |
| Southern<br>Employment<br>Lands   | 12 June 2015     | 18 May 2015              | Section 5.8  |
| 904 Bourke<br>Street, Zetland   | 28 August 2015   | 18 May 2015              | Section 6.3  |
| 60 Martin Place   | 28 August 2015   | 18 May 2015              | Section 6.3  |
| 65-79 Sussex<br>Street, Sydney  | 4 September 2015 | 27 April 2015            | Section 6.3  |
| Green Square<br>Setbacks  | 17 November 2015 | 26 October 2015          | Section 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.7 & 5.8   |
| 230-238 Sussex<br>Street, Sydney  | 1 April 2016     | 29 February 2016         | Section 6.3  |
| Minor Policy and<br>Housekeeping  | 6 May 2016       | 10 August 2015           | Section 3.11,<br>Section 4.2,<br>Section 5.2 &<br>Schedule 10                              |

| Amendment<br>Name  | Date in force     | Date approved by council | Notes  |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 505-523 George<br>Street, Sydney   | 6 May 2016        | 10 August 2015           | Section 6.3  |
| The APDG site<br>(bounded by<br>Alfred, Pitt, Dalley<br>and George<br>Streets)                         | 2 December 2016   | 25 July 2016             | Section 6.1.4,<br>Section 6.1.5,<br>Section 6.1.6 &<br>Section 6.1.7 |
| 45 Murray Street,<br>Pyrmont   | 9 December 2016   | 25 July 2016             | Section 6.3  |
| Signs and<br>Advertisements<br>2015  | 13 December 2016  | 21 November 2016         | Section 3.16 &<br>Schedule 11  |
| 51-55 Missenden<br>Road,<br>Camperdown   | 16 December 2016  | 29 February 2016         | Section 6.3  |
| 12-40 Rosebery<br>Avenue, Rosebery   | 24 February 2017  | 24 October 2016          | Section 5.7  |
| Minor Heritage<br>Floor Space  | 15 September 2017 | 7 August 2017            | Section 5.1  |
| 296-298 Botany<br>Road and 284<br>Wyndham Street,<br>Alexandria  | 22 December 2017  | 15 May 2017              | Section 6.3  |
| 397-399<br>Cleveland Street<br>and 2-38 Baptist<br>Street, Surry Hills<br>Shopping Village,<br>Redfern | 24 August 2018    | 11 December 2017         | Section 6.2.8  |
| Energy and Waste<br>Amendment 2018   | 28 August 2018    | 13 August 2018           | Section 3.6,<br>Section 3.11,<br>Section 3.14 &<br>Section 4.2       |
| 7-15 Randle<br>Street, Surry Hills   | 5 October 2018    | 19 March 2018            | Section 6.3  |
| 2-32 Junction<br>Street, Forest<br>Lodge   | 18 January 2019   | 11 December 2017         | Section 6.3  |
| 102-106 Dunning<br>Avenue, Rosebery  | 8 March 2019      | 17 September 2018        | Section 6.3  |
| Darlinghurst<br>Road, Potts Point  | 29 April 2019     | 8 April 2019             | Section 2.4.7 &<br>Section 6.2                                       |
| Late Night<br>Trading DCP<br>(Amendment No.3)  | 17 June 2019      | 13 May 2019              | Section 3.15   |
| 4-6 Bligh Street,<br>Sydney  | 27 August 2019    | 19 November 2018         | Section 6.3  |

| Amendment<br>Name  | Date in force     | Date approved by council | Notes   |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Danks Street<br>South Precinct   | 13 September 2019 | 10 December 2018         | Section 2.5.3,<br>Section 2.13.7,<br>Section 5.2 &<br>Section 5.9             |
| Millers Point<br>Amendment   | 18 October 2019   | 11 December 2017         | Section 2.8   |
| 225-279 Broadway,<br>Glebe   | 29 November 2019  | 19 August 2019           | Section 6.3   |
| Community<br>Participation Plan<br>2019  | 29 November 2019  | 18 November 2019         | Schedule 1  |
| 2-22 and 24<br>Rothschild<br>Avenue, Rosebery                                  | 14 February 2020  | 24 June 2019             | Section 6.3   |
| 72-84 Foveaux<br>Street, Surry Hills   | 27 March 2020     | 9 December 2020          | Section 6.3   |
| 1-11 Oxford Street,<br>Paddington  | 7 August 2020     | 18 May 2020              | Section 6.3   |
| 1-3 Burrows Road,<br>St Peters   | 2 July 2021       | 29 March 2021            | Section 6.3   |
| 4-44 Wentworth<br>Avenue, Surry Hills  | 2 July 2021       | 29 March 2021            | Section 6.3   |
| 187 Thomas<br>Street, Haymarket  | 10 September 2021 | 28 June 2021             | Section 6.3   |
| 17-31 Cowper<br>Street and 2A-2D<br>Wentworth Park<br>Road, Glebe              | 10 September 2021 | 29 March 2021            | Section 6.3   |
| The APDG site<br>(bounded by<br>Alfred, Pitt, Dalley<br>and George<br>Streets) | 22 October 2021   | 16 November 2020         | Section 6.1.4   |
| Central Sydney   | 26 November 2021  | 14 December 2020         | Section 2.1,<br>Section 3.3,<br>Section 3.16,<br>Section 5.1 &<br>Schedule 12 |
| 30-62 Barcom<br>Avenue,<br>Darlinghurst  | 22 April 2022     | 15 November 2021         | Section 6.3   |
| Southern<br>Enterprise Area  | 16 May 2022       | 30 September 2022        | Section 2.5.4,<br>Section 2.10,<br>Section 5.2 &<br>Section 5.8               |

| Amendment<br>Name   | Date in force    | Date approved by council | Notes  |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Botany Road<br>Precinct   | 11 November 2022 | 27 June 2022             | Section 2.5.1,<br>Section 2.7.1,<br>Section 2.13.8,<br>Section 2.13.13 &<br>Section 5.10 |
| 2 Chifley Square,<br>Sydney                                       | 25 November 2022 | 22 August 2022           | Section 6.3  |
| Oxford Street<br>Cultural and<br>Creative Precinct                | 2 December 2022  | 11 April 2022            | Section 5.11 &<br>Schedule 13  |
| Night Time<br>Economy   | 9 December 2022  | 29 March 2021            | Section 4.4  |
| Waterloo Estate<br>(South)  | 28 February 2023 | 20 February 2023         | Section 2.13.13 &<br>Section 5.12  |
| Heritage Floor<br>Space amendment                                 | 9 March 2023     | 20 February 2023         | Section 5.1.6  |
| 757-763 George<br>Street, Haymarket                               | 13 March 2023    | 28 April 2023            | Section 6.3  |
| 15-23 Hunter<br>Street & 103-107<br>Pitt Street, Sydney           | 16 June 2023     | 20 February 2023         | Section 6.3  |
| Performance<br>Standards for<br>Net Zero Energy<br>Buildings 2021 | 1 October 2023   | 22 August 2022           | Section 3.6  |
| Retail Review of<br>Southern Sydney                               | 6 October 2023   | 21 August 2023           | Section 2.10,<br>Section 3.4,<br>Section 5.2 &<br>Section 5.8                            |
| 923-935 Bourke<br>Street, Waterloo                                | 22 March 2024    | 21 August 2023           | Section 5.2,<br>Section 5.8 &<br>Section 6.3   |

# **Glossary of Terms**

Active Frontage means street frontages where there is an active visual engagement between those in the street and those on the ground floors of buildings. Frequent building entries that face and open towards the street, transparent street frontages, quality materials and refined details, and mixed land uses will make streets more diverse and attractive for pedestrians and increase the perception of safety and encourage higher levels of pedestrian activity.

Architectural character includes massing, articulation, composition of building elements, material use and details including building entrances, fenestration, balconies and balustrades, awnings, planters, pergolas, boundary walls, fences etc.

Commercial Building means any non-residential building, and includes hotels.

**Communal Open Space** is a useable community open space for the recreation and relaxation of residents which is under the control of a body corporate.

**Consent Authority** means the City of Sydney Council or the Central Sydney Planning Committee. Both are referred to in this DCP as Council.

Contributory Buildings are buildings that make an important and significant contribution to the character of a heritage conservation area of heritage streetscape and have a reasonable to high degree of integrity and date from a key development period of significance. Contributory buildings are defined as buildings which are from a significant historical period layer, highly or substantially intact or significant historical period layer, altered yet recognisable and reversible.

Convenience Store means a retail shop generally with less than 200sqm GFA and used for the purposes of selling foodstuffs, personal care products, magazines, and other small daily convenience needs of the people who live or work in the local area.

DCP means Sydney Development Control Plan 2012.

Deep Soil is an area of natural ground with relatively natural soil profiles and it excludes areas where there is a structure underneath, pools and non-permeable paved areas but can include 50% of the area of any porous paving and essential accessible paths up to 1.2m wide, providing there is deep soil area to one side that is level with the footpath.

Ecologically Sustainable Development (ESD) is 'using, conserving and enhancing the community's resources so that ecological processes, on which life depends, are maintained, and the total quality of life, now and in the future, can be increased' (in accordance with the National Strategy for Ecologically Sustainable Development).

**Factory outlet** is a retail premises, traditionally attached to a factory and operated by a manufacturer, which provides an outlet to sell that firm's closeouts, discontinued merchandise, irregulars, cancelled orders, and the like direct to the public and often at discounted prices. It may also be a store selling a number of consolidated brands.

Fine grain means a small scale, generally lower cost spaces providing for a diverse range of activities and users. The fine grain spaces include small retail tenancies with street access including basement and first floor levels, as well as offices, studio spaces or other activities with access inside arcades, underground connections, through office foyers or other buildings. Fine grain spaces often front or are accessed from smaller streets or lanes, and are within lower grade office or mixed use buildings, generally in the less expensive precincts. The fine grain spaces with their mixed ownership and leasing patterns enable more organic changes to occur throughout the City and support lower cost and start up businesses that contribute to a vibrant and active City.

GFA means gross floor area as defined in Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Glass Line means the inside face of windows on the external walls of a building.

**Green roof** means a roof system designed to promote the growth of various forms of vegetation on the top of buildings. Differing from a roof garden, a green roof can also support various forms of renewable energy and water collection technology to assist in supplying power and water to the occupants of the building.

Habitable room is a bedroom, living room or kitchen, dining room, study, play room and sun room.

Highly visible sites are located at the termination of a vista or on the corners of prominent intersections and are to accommodate landmarks such as features or objects on a building and high quality landscaping. Landmarks can be features or objects on a building that will act as points of reference.

Imminently Dangerous includes but is not restricted to obvious instability of the root system, evidence of soil heave or cracking, loss of structural roots, root decay, structural defects that are imminently hazardous (for example, splitting branches), storm damage.

Landmarks are prominent visual features (including buildings, elements of buildings or other attractions) that will act as points of reference and as a navigating tool for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles. Landmarks must be recognisable from street level and from a distance to facilitate pedestrian orientation and should provide contrast from adjoining built form, whether the contrast is created through building height, building materials and colour or architectural style.

Linear Parks will provide informal recreational opportunities and act as both a visual and physical connection between open spaces, parks, streets (existing and proposed) and the pedestrian and cycle network. Linear parks will be provided along water channels and linked with new and existing public streets, enhanced with wide verges and shade tree planting.

Low Impact Premises is a premise that has capacity of up to 120 patrons where alcohol is consumed on the premises; any other commercial premises that in the opinion of the Council may impact on the amenity and safety of a neighbourhood resulting from its operation at night. Low impact premises may restaurants, 'BYO' premises, cafes, theatres, karaoke venues, convenience stores and takeaway food shops. Outdoor seating is included in patron capacity calculations.

**Maisonette apartment** means a two storey apartment where the storeys are vertically stacked.

**Major roads** identified major roads will continue to take high volumes of traffic. Residential development should not be introduced at ground floor on lots adjoining major roads, and all development must provide noise attenuation measures.

**Open Space** includes all publicly owned land that is set aside with unrestricted public access, and managed exclusively for leisure, recreation and amenity.

**Principal window and balcony** means the main window or balcony of a habitable room, being a living room or main bedroom of a dwelling unit.

**Public Domain** refers to areas of the City in which access to and use of is available for any member of the public. Public domain typically includes parks, plazas, footpaths and streets. Public domain elements of the City are typically controlled by the City of Sydney.

**Private Open Space** an open area of land or building attached to a dwelling intended for the exclusive use of occupants of the dwelling for private outdoor living activities.

**Public Transport Corridors** should be the focus for future public transport services provided in Green Square. Mass transit services and facilities should be provided in accordance with the identified alignments for Green Square.

Sensitive land uses include day care or child-minding centres, primary or secondary schools, places of worship, parks, playgrounds, or any other place regularly frequented by children.

Street alignment means the boundary between land allotments and a street or lane.

Street frontage height in storeys is the vertical height of that part of the building closest to the street boundary.

Storey means a space within a building that is situated between one floor level and the floor level next above, or if there is no floor above, the ceiling or roof above, but does not include: a space that contains only a lift shaft, stairway or meter room, or a mezzanine, or an attic.

**Sustainability** means 'development which meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs' (Source: The Bruntland Report, 1987).

Sydney LEP means Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2012.

Tall buildings and towers are buildings greater than 35m in height.

Through-site links provide an important function in the form of pedestrian links and bike links to improve pedestrian permeability, and help break up large street blocks and increase the potential for direct and clear connections between buildings.

**Transport Corridor** is a linear tract of land dedicated to at least one main line for transport. Transport corridors can be road, rail or canal and are generally high capacity routes. Transport corridors typically connect two major 'anchor' destinations, with many destinations in between.

Water Channel Open Space Links the line represents the existing water channel open space network that runs through Green Square and connects to Alexandra Canal. The channel network is to be the basis of a linear park system that provides connectivity between activity nodes, open spaces, and the Green Square Town Centre (where possible). Where the channel cannot be exposed, it is to be interpreted architecturally or through public art.

Water Sensitive Urban Design means the integration of urban planning with the management, protection and conservation of the urban water cycle so as to ensure urban water management is sensitive to natural hydrological and ecological processes. It may include practices such as stormwater reuse, use of bio-retention swales and detention ponds.

Wind Safety Standard is an annual maximum peak 0.5 second gust wind speed in one hour measured between 6am and 10pm Eastern Standard Time of 24 metres per second.

Wind Comfort Standard for Walking is an hourly mean wind speed, or gust equivalent mean wind speed, whichever is greater for each wind direction, for no more than 292 hours per annum measured between 6 am and 10 pm Eastern Standard Time (i.e. 5% of those hours) of 8 metres per second.

Wind Comfort Standard for Sitting in Parks is an hourly mean wind speed, or gust equivalent mean wind speed, whichever is greater for each wind direction, for no more than 292 hours per annum measured between 6 am and 10 pm Eastern Standard Time of 4 metres per second and applies to Public Places protected by Sun Access Planes and/or No Additional Overshadowing Controls.

Wind Comfort Standards for Sitting and Standing is hourly mean wind speed, or gust equivalent mean wind speed, whichever is greater for each wind direction, for no more than 292 hours per annum measured between 6 am and 10 pm Eastern Standard Time of; 4 metres per second for sitting; and 6 metres per second for standing.